Teenager and Young Adult Mental Health Awareness

Objectives

- Describe mental health versus mental illness.
- 2. Discuss common challenges with teens and young adults.
- 3. List ways parents and loved ones can help.

What is Mental Health?

- Is a state of emotional, psychological and social wellbeing.
- Affects how we think, feel, and act, and it plays a role in every stage of life, especially adolescence.
- Reflects our ability to:
 - Cope
 - Learn
 - Work
 - Relate

What is Mental Illness?

- Refers to specific *diagnosable* conditions that significantly disrupt functioning and require professional intervention.
 - Diagnosis requires:
 - A trained and licensed mental health professional
 - That symptoms meet specific criteria based on a threshold of age, duration and severity
 - That symptoms are affecting the individual's ability to function in life and key relationships
- Is a broad term encompassing mental, behavioral, or emotional disorders.
- Is not a personal failure.
- Can be effectively managed with treatment.

Social and Emotional Hurdles

The complexities of growing up:

- Identity formation
- Peer pressure
- Academic stress
- Romantic relationships

Unique emotional landscape of teens and young adults:

- Heightened sensitivity
- Mood swings
- Self-consciousness

Recognizing the Warning Signs

- Academic difficulties
- Substance use
- Excessive worry or fear
- Extreme mood swings
- Changes in eating or sleeping patterns
- Changes in personality
- Social withdrawal
- Anhedonia (apathy, loss of interest)
- Self-harm
- Suicidal thoughts or behaviors

These are general signs, and **not every child who exhibits some of them will have a mental illness**.

Creating a Safe Space

- Emphasize the importance of open and honest communication about mental health and wellbeing.
- Highlight the importance of establishing trust and creating a safe space for vulnerable conversations.
- Parents are encouraged to:
 - Actively listen without judgment
 - Validate their children's emotions
 - Avoid lecturing
 - Avoid minimizing their concerns
 - Offer support and encouragement

Know When to Seek Help

- If you notice warning signs or are concerned about your child's wellbeing, take it seriously and seek professional help if needed.
- Early intervention and professional guidance are valuable in managing mental health challenges.
 - Talk to your child's doctor about your concerns.
- Seek support for yourself as well.
 - Taking care of your own mental health is essential, as it allows you to better care for your child.

Additional Resources and Support

- The National Parent Helpline: 1-855-4A PARENT (1-855-427-2736)
- The National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI): 1-800-950-NAMI (6264) or nami.org
- The Childhelp USA National Child Abuse Hotline: 1-800-422-4453
- The National Suicide Prevention Lifeline: 988 or 1-800-273-8255
- The Jed Foundation: jedfoundation.org
- The Trevor Project: 1-866-488-7386 or thetrevorproject.org
- Child Mind Institute: childmind.org
- Your Program

Your Program

Call toll-free or visit us on the web

24 hours a day/7 days a week

Thank you!

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